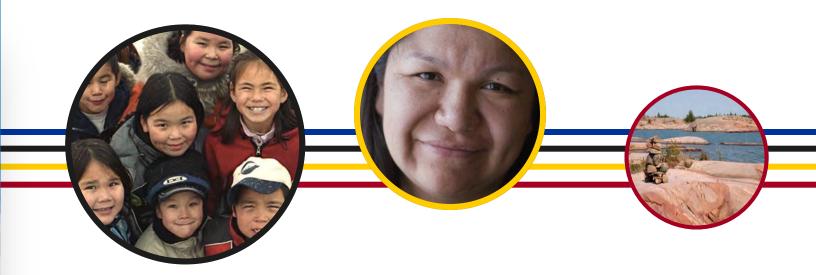


We understand who we are We know where we come from We accept and understand our destiny here
on Mother Earth We are Spirit
Having a human experience
Ian Anderson





What is Advance Care Planning?

We make decisions and plans every day of our life. Daily decisions like what we want in our morning coffee and when to sleep, daily decisions that could include the making of some sort of plan for the day. We make monthly and yearly plans for our lives but we



often overlook making a health care treatment plan in the event that we become ill. Advance Care Planning is about creating and making your own decisions about your journey's end.

This booklet is about your wishes. It allows you to reflect on your own values and beliefs that you can discuss with your family, close friends and substitute decision maker (a substitute decision maker is someone you trust who can provide consent of refusal or care if you are mentally unable to do so). By discussing your wishes it allows them to understand your personal thoughts and reasons for your decisions.



How to Begin Advance Care Planning

1. What is right for you?

Take the time to reflect on your own beliefs, values, and how you understand end-of-life care. If you have been in a situation where you've experienced someone's end-of-life journey, how did that make you feel?

Ask yourself:

- If possible would I prefer to die at home, in a hospice or in the hospital?
- What might change my mind about my choice?
- Do I want or not want certain medical interventions (e.g. resuscitation or feeding tubes) if I am unlikely to survive or live independently?
- Why would I not want these procedures?
- Do I have any fears about dying (e.g. I'll be in pain, I won't be able to breathe)?
- Is there someone that I can talk to about these fears, such as my doctor?
- What would be meaningful for me at the time of my death (e.g. family/friends nearby, music playing or pictures?)

2. Learn about end-of-life care options and procedures

Everyone has different ideas for their end-of-life journeys; some individuals want to prolong life as long as possible using medical interventions. Others would not want to be hooked up to machines at the end-of-life if there is no chance of recovery.

Take the time to talk with your health care provider to learn about different medical procedures and what they can and can't do.

3. Who do you want to make medical decisions for you if you are incapable to do so? Think about the people in your life that you feel would understand, honour and follow your wishes. Ask yourself who would be most capable of making medical decisions for you as your Substitute Decision Maker .







How to Begin Advance Care Planning

4. Begin the conversation

When you know who you would like to be your **Substitute Decision Maker**(s), have a conversation with them and your family to let them know what you are thinking.

Advance Care Planning can answer:

- Who do you want to make your health care decisions for you?
- What health care treatment(s) do you agree to, or refuse, if a health care provider recommends them?
- Would you accept or refuse life support and life-prolonging medical interventions for certain conditions?
- What are your preferences should you need residential care and not be able to be cared for at home?

This may be hard for them or may come as a relief to know what your wishes are (feel free to give them a copy of your plan, so they can understand your wishes).

Let your Doctor and other Health Care Providers know who your Substitute Decision Maker is, ask them to make a note of it, so they know who to speak with if you do become incapable to.

5. Document your wishes

The next few pages is a workbook to help you document your wishes. Be sure to include other wishes for your end of life care (e.g. dying at home, receiving hospice/palliative care, having music playing, or any specific spiritual or religious rituals).

6. Review your wishes

It is important to remember that this is your journey and you can make the decisions for your health care treatment. Reviewing your wishes allows you to reflect on your own values, and beliefs but it also allows you to make adjustments if you change your mind about a treatment.

The following examples may help you figure out what is important to you.

These things make my life meaningful:

- Spending time with my family and friends
- Love for my pet/music/art/garden/work/hobbies/fresh air/sports
- Practicing my faith

When I think about what my death could be like, I take comfort in:

- Knowing any pain I have will be treated
- Believing I will have good care and know that my family will continue to be with me
- · Believing there is something after death, even if I don't know what

When I think about dying I worry that:

- I may struggle to breathe
- I may have uncontrolled pain
- I might be alone

When I am nearing the end of my life I want:

- My family nearby
- I want to be in the hospital, hospice or in my own home
- Someone holding my hand
- · My spiritual, or religious leader to visit me
- To hear people talking gently about my life's happy memories
- To listen to the music I love
- Someone to read my favorite book to me
- A window kept open no matter what the weather



Expression of Wishes

If you decide to write a plan by another means to communicate your wishes, remember to give a copy to your Substitute Decision Maker(s). Give a copy to your family members, your doctor and any other health or legal professionals.

Most importantly — have a conversation with your Substitute Decision Maker(s) about your plan. They may have questions about your wishes.

Your Information

First Name:	Middle Initial:			
Last Name:				
Date of Birth:				
Do you Identify as: First Nation	☐ Métis ☐ Inuit ☐ Other			
From Which Nation:				
Address:				
Telephone:	Cell Phone:			
Email Address:				
What makes life meaningful to me:				

Expression of Wishes

Consider the following questions to help guide the conversation(s) and expression of your wishes: 1. What do I value most in terms of mental or physical health? Being able to Being able to live Being able to independently recognize others communicate Having my privacy Keeping my dignity Being able to still do my hobbies Having friends and Other: family nearby 2. What would make prolonging life unacceptable to me? Being in a coma with ■ Not being able to Being a burden to little or no possibility communicate with family members of waking up others A loss of privacy Being in pain Losing control of my bodily functions Other: Being kept alive by machines 3. What are my concerns about death? Be in pain Be alone ☐ Struggle to breathe Lose my dignity Other: 4. If I were near death, what would I want to make the end more peaceful for me? Be able to die at home Have spiritual or Family and friends traditional support nearby ☐ Having specific music Other: played

Expression of Wishes

5. Do I have any spiritual or religious beliefs that would affect my care at the end of life?				
6. What other thoughts and wishes might help others understand and support me at the end of life?				
7. Do I want to request the services of a Traditional Healer?				
8. If I were ill, what would be impor	tant for others to know?			
These questions can help you think a would or would not want:	bit more about what interventions you			
How important is it that I be comfor	table and suffer as little as possible?			
□ Not important □ Somewhat important	☐ Very important ☐ No opinion			
How important is it that I live as lon	g as possible?			
□ Not important □ Somewhat important	_			
How important is it that I respect the wishes of other family members regarding my care?				
□ Not important □ Somewhat important	☐ Very important ☐ No opinion			

Substitute Decision Maker(s) (SDMs)

I have discussed my wish	es/plans with the follow	ing people and/ or they		
have copies. List all the pand their contact information	people who have copies,	their relationship to you		
	1	Contact Information		
Name	Relationship to me	Contact Information		
1.				
2.				
3.				
I have discussed my wish	es for health care with the	e person(s) named below.		
My Primary Substitute D	ecision Maker (SDM):			
(see next page for a listin	g of other SDMs)			
Name:				
	ed through a Power of Atto	orney for Personal Care		
Document: Yes	No			
Location of the current De	ower of Attornov for Dorse	anal Caro (original		
document):	ower of Attorney for Perso	onal Care (Original		
documenty.				
My Substitute Decision	n Maker has a copy of the	document.		
•	. ,			
OR if no Power of Attorney for Personal Care document: the Substitute				
Decision Maker who is the highest ranked person in the Hierarchy of				
Substitute Decision Maker(s):				
Name:				
Relationship of this Substitute Decision Maker to me:				
Phone Number:	Mobile Num	ber:		
Address:				
Email Address:				
·				

Substitute Decision Maker(s) (SDMs)

My Second Substitute Decision Name:	Maker is:
This person was appointed thro Document: Yes No	ough a Power of Attorney for Personal Care
Location of the current Power of document): This person has a copy of the	of Attorney for Personal Care (original e document.
Relationship of this Substitute	
Phone Number:	Mobile Number:
Address:	
Email Address:	
My Third Substitute Decision Mame:	Naker is:
Name:	Maker is: ough a Power of Attorney for Personal Care
Name: This person was appointed thro Document: Yes No	
Name: This person was appointed thro Document: Yes No Location of the current Power of	ough a Power of Attorney for Personal Care of Attorney for Personal Care (original
Name: This person was appointed thro Document: Yes No Location of the current Power of document):	ough a Power of Attorney for Personal Care of Attorney for Personal Care (original ne document.
Name: This person was appointed thro Document: Yes No Location of the current Power of document): This person has a copy of the	ough a Power of Attorney for Personal Care of Attorney for Personal Care (original ne document.
Name: This person was appointed thro Document: Yes No Location of the current Power of document): This person has a copy of the Relationship of this Substitute	ough a Power of Attorney for Personal Care of Attorney for Personal Care (original ne document. Decision Maker is:

Expression of Wishes

It's time to talk to your Substitute Decision Maker, your family and your health care provider about your wishes. These conversations may not be easy— but they will help your loved ones know what's Important to you.		
Who do you wan	t to talk to?	
•	me to talk to them? Think about when you might ed ones—for example, at a family gathering, over a meal, g trip, etc.	
	place to talk? Think about where you might have the rexample at the kitchen table, at a restaurant, during a he cottage, etc.	
	be sure to say? List the most important things you you'll talk about during your conversation:	

- Summary of Information

This is a good time to put all your personal planning information together where they can be found. This will help those you have put in charge of your affairs to find them if needed (check all that apply, and note the location of each document): Written statement of my wishes about health Location: care (e.g. hand written notes) Power of Attorney for Personal Care Location: **Document** Phone: **Substitute Decision Makers:** 2. _____ 3. _____ Lawyer Location: Name: Will: Location: № П Yes | | **Insurance Policy** Location: Company Name: _____ Funeral and burial/ceremonial arrangements Location: Company Name: Other (e.g. organ donors, specific bequests) Name of Document: Location: Name of Document: Location: Signature Date:



Community Resources

Simcoe Muskoka Regional Phone: 705-728-9090 ext. 4333

Cancer Centre Website: www.rvh.on.ca

Aboriginal Patient Navigator Phone: 705-728-9090 ext. 43133

Leah Bergstrome Email: bergstromel@rvh.on.ca

Rotary Place Lodge Phone: 705-739-5662

Website: www.rvh.on.ca

Barrie Area Native Advisory Circle Phone: 705-734-1818 ext. 235

(BANAC) Email: admin@banac.on.ca
Website: www.banac.on.ca

Traditional Healer Cell: 705-937-1206

Barrie Native Friendship Centre Phone: 705-721-7689

Website:

www.barrienativefriendshipcentre.com

Enaahtig Healing Lodge and Phone: 705-534-3724 ext. 210

Learning Centre Email: enaahtig@enaahtig.ca



Community Resources

Georgian Bay Métis Council Phone: 705-526-6335 Website: www.georgianbaymetiscouncil.com **Chigamik Community Health** Phone: 705-527-4154 1-877-527-4154 Centre Website: www.chigamik.ca Phone: 705-527-4154 ext. 204 **Traditional Healing Georgian Bay Native Friendship** Phone: 705-526-5589 Centre Website: www.gbnfc.com **Hospice Simcoe** Phone: 705-722-5995 ext. 222 Email: doris@hospicesimcoe.ca Métis Nation of Ontario Phone: 705-526-6335 Website: www.metisnation.org **Muskoka Community Health** Phone: 705-762-1274 Hub-Wahta Website: www.ccfht.ca



Community Resources

North Simcoe Muskoka Hospice Phone: 1-877-235-2224 Website: www.nsmhpcn.ca

Orillia Native Women's Group Phone: 705-329-7755

Email: donnafinance@outlook.com

Website: www.onwg.ca

Rising Sun Native Women's Phone: 705-737-3532

Support Group Email: admin@sunhousing.ca

Georgian Bay Native Women's Phone: 705-527-7043

Association Email: gbnwa@rogers.com Website: www.gbnwa.ca

Other Resources:

Communities

- Speak Up: Advance Care Website: www.advancecareplanning.ca

Planning Workbook—
Ontario Edition

— Lakehead University: Website: www.eolfn.lakeheadu.ca End of Life Care In First Nation

Word List



Allow Natural Death:

The decision NOT to have any treatment or procedures that will delay the moment of death. It applies only when death is about to happen from natural causes.

Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR):

A medical procedure used to restart your heart and breathing when the heart and/or lungs stop working unexpectedly. CPR can range from mouth-to-mouth breathing and pumping of the chest to electric shocks that may restart the heart and machines that breathe for the individual.

Comfort Measures:

Treatments that keep you comfortable (e.g. pain relievers, psychological support, physical care and oxygen).

Dialysis:

A medical procedure that cleans your blood when your kidneys can no longer do so.

End-of-Life Care:

Health care provided at the end of a person's life. This type of care focuses on you living the way you choose during your last days or weeks and providing comfort measures until the time of death.

Feeding Tube:

A way to feed someone who can no longer swallow food.

Health Care Professional:

A person licensed, certified or registered in their province or territory to provide health care (e.g. a doctor, nurse, or social worker).

Informed Consent:

Is the permission you give to heath care providers that allows medical investigations and/or treatments. Health care providers are required to offer you, and you are entitled to receive, detailed explanations of the investigation/treatments and their risks, benefits and side

Word List



effects alternatives to these options; and what would likely happen if you refuse the options. Heath care providers must also answer any questions you have about the treatments and the information must be provided before you give verbal consent or sign a consent form.

Intravenous (IV):

Is a way to give you fluids on medicine through a vein in your hand or another part of your body.

Life support with Medical Interventions:

Medical or surgical procedures such as tube feeding, breathing machines, kidney dialysis, some medications and CPR. All of these use artificial means to restore and/or continue life. Without them you would die.

Life Limiting Illness:

An incurable medical condition caused by injury or disease.

Palliative Care:

Is the way we care for people who have a life limiting illness. It focuses on providing good quality of life. In other words, keeping you as comfortable and free of pain or other symptoms as possible. Palliative care may involve medicines, treatments, physical care, psychological/social services and spiritual support, both you and for those who are helping to care for you. Palliative care can be provided anywhere, at any stage of any illness along with care and treatment aimed at cure or prolonging life.

Power of Attorney for Personal Care (PoA):

A document in Ontario that you prepare when you are mentally capable to name a person or persons to be your Substitute Decision Maker for health and other personal care decisions. That person or persons would make decisions about treatment and health care on your behalf if you become mentally incapable.

Substitute Decision Maker (SDM):

A person(s) who provides consent or refusal of consent for treatment or withdrawal of treatment or behalf of another person when that person is mentally incapable to make

Word List



decisions about treatment. The Substitute Decision Maker(s) is required to make decisions for you following any wishes you expressed about your care when you were mentally capable. If your Substitute Decision Maker does not know your wishes applicable to the treatment decision to be made, he or she is required to act in your best interest.

Symptoms:

Signs that you are unwell (e.g. pain, vomiting, loss of appetite or high fever).

Terminal Illness:

An incurable medical condition caused by injury or disease. These are conditions that, even with life support, would end in death within weeks or months. If life support is used, the dying process takes longer.

A Ventilator:

A machine that helps people breathe when they cannot breathe on their own.



Preparing For the Journey

Mohawk Perspective



When humans are born they come from the Sky World. When they are nearing their end-of-life stage they begin planning their quest back to the Sky World; to the House of Souls through ceremonies and other cultural practices.

When humans die, each soul has their own path of destiny they must follow. Souls that are at peace travel through the Great Sky Road which is the good sky path that leads to the House of Souls. Here the souls will be greeted with an eternal home with other souls, pleasant smells, refreshing spring waters and sweet strawberries.

The living take comfort in ceremonies before and after death to assist the soul of their loved one to make its journey through the Great Sky Road to the House of Souls.

Traditional support is available [see community resources]

http://www.cpd.utoronto.ca/endoflife/Modules/Indigenous%20Perspectives%20on%20Death%20and%20Dying.pdf when the control of th





Sewatahonhsí:iost ken`nikarihwésha sewakwé:kon. Ne kati`tentshitewanonhwerá:ton ne
Shonkwaia`tíson, ne wáhi rohsa`ánion akwé:kon tsi nahó :ten teiotawénrie ne tsi iohontsá:te.
Let us all listen for a moment. We will give thanks to the
Creator, for it is he who has made everything that is in this universe.

Akwé:kon énska entsitewahwe`nón:ni nonkwa`nikón:ra tánon...

Let our minds come together as one mind and...

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Onkwehshón:`a Let us give thanks to all people

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne lethi`nisténha Ohóntsa Let us give thanks to our Mother Earth

Teiethinonhwerá:ton tsi Kahnekarónnion Let us give thanks to all waters

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Kentson`shón:`a Let us give thanks to all fish

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Ohtera`shón:`a Let us give thanks to all roots Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Ohonte`shón:`a Let us give thanks to all plants

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Ononhkwa`shón:`a Let us give thanks to all medicines

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Otsinonwa`shón:`a Let us give thanks to all insects

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Tionhéhkwen, ne ne áhsen nikontate`kén:`a – Ónenhste, Onon`ónsera, Osahé :ta Let us give thanks to the sustainers of life, the three sisters – corn, beans and squash

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Kahihshón:`a, tánon kwah tkonwakowá:nen – Niiohontésha Let us give thanks to the fruits, and the leader, the strawberry

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Kontírio, tánon kwah tkonwakowá:nen – Oskenón:ton Let us give thanks to the animals, and the leader, the deer

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Otsi`ten`okón:`a, tánon kwah tkonwakowá:nen – Á:kweks Let us give thanks to the birds, and the leader, the eagle

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Karonta`shón:`a tánon Okwire`shón:`a tánon kwah tkonwakowá:nen – Wáhta Let us give thanks to the trees, the shrubs, and the leader, the maple Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Kaié:ri Nikawerá:ke – Othoré:ke, Ná:kon, Entié:ne, É:neken Let us give thanks to the four winds – North, East, South and West

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne lethihsothó:kon Ratiwé:ras Let us give thanks to our Grandfathers, the Thunderers

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne lethihsótha Ahshonthénhkha Karáhkwa

Let us give thanks to our Grandmother, the Moon

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Ehtshitewahtsí:`a Tiehkehnéhkha Karáhkwa Let us give thanks to our older brother, the Sun

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne tsi Iotsistohkwarónnion Tsitkaronhiá:te

Let us give thanks to the stars in the heavens

Teiethinonhwerá:ton ne Shonkwais`tíson (Ka`satstenhserakó:wa Sa`oié:ra)

Let us give thanks to the Creator (all natural force/power)

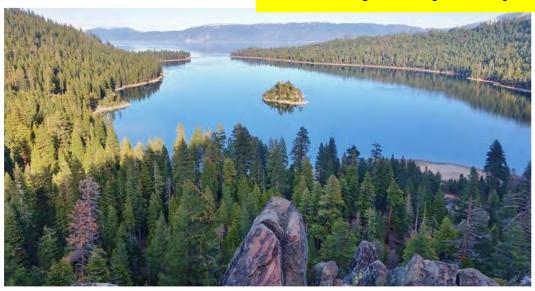
Ó:nen tho niió:re wa'kkwé:ni. Toká' thé:nen sonke'nikónhrhen í:se ne'é ia'sewatahsónteren tánon ska'nikón:ra' kénhak tánon tsonhniióhak.

This is as far as I am capable of. If I have forgotten anything, then you continue and be of one mind and keep healthy.



Preparing For the Journey

Ojibway Perspective



The journey of life begins and ends with The Creator in The Spirit World. Everyone has a spirit and when we are born into this life we are given a temporary body. The human spirit has four stages to their journey; birth, life, death and afterlife.

As we are born our spirit leaves the spirit world and we begin life. Throughout life we enter different stages; childhood, youth, adulthood and elder years. During these times our purpose is to find and understand who the Creator is and help those around us to do the same.

At the point of dying we take comfort in returning to the spirit world. Our family and friends help us get there by their support and prayers. When our spirit leaves our body it travels westward across the land, until it reaches the high clouds where a bright light guides it to a place where loved ones wait to embrace it—in the spirit world.

Traditional support is available [see community resources]

http://www.cpd.utoronto.ca/endoflife/Modules/Indigenous%20Perspectives%20on%20Death%20and%20Dying.pdf

The Great Spirit Prayer

Oh Great Spirit

Whose voice I hear in the winds,
and whose breath gives life to all the world
Hear me! I am small and weak
I need your strength and wisdom
Let me walk in beauty,
And make my eyes ever behold the red and purple sunset.
Make my hands respect the things you have made
And my ears sharp to hear your voice.
Make me wise so that I may understand
The things you have taught my people
Let me learn the lessons you have hidden in every
leaf and rock
I need strength, not to be greater than my brother, but to

I need strength, not to be greater than my brother, but to fight my greatest enemy— myself

Make me always ready to come to you with clean hands and straight eyes

So when life fades, as the fading sunset, my spirit may come to you without shame

Miigwech



Gzhe Mnidoo

Giin e-noondoonaan e-bganaanmag, Miinwaa giin e-nesedman maanda aki.

Noondwishin! Aapchi ndi gaashiin'iw miinwaa ndi niinmis.

Niin ndanwendaan mshkawziiwin miinwaa nbwaakaawin

Begish pane ji bmoseyaan mampii akiing ezhi-gnaajwang.

Begish gaye pane ji waabmag Giizis ni-bngishmod.

Begish gaye ji mnaandenmaan kina gaa wzhitooyin.

Pane gaye ji noondoonaan bi-gnoozhyin.

Ndi bgosendaan nbwaakaawin wii nsitomaan kina gaa kinoomodwaa nwiiji-bemaadzijig. Miiwaa Kina kinoomaadwinan gaa gaadooyin niibiishing miinwas siniing.

Ndi bgosendaan mshkawziiwin gaawiin washme wii pitendaagoziyaan, ni'ii eta wii gshkitoonyaan wii miigaanag pane myaanenmag 'niin'.

Ndi bgosendmin pane ji aabji-zhiitaayaan bi-zhaamnaan, ji biinaagog nninjiin miinwaa gwayak ji gnawaabminaan.

Pii dash ni-shkwaasek ndi bmaadzinwin ga mno-gnawaabmaa maaba n'jichaakim.

Miigwech







My Name is:	
Incase of Emerge	ncy Call:
Name:	Phone:
My Health Care Provider is:	
I am an Organ Donor: Yes No Mo My Important papers are located in:	